RADLEY

Entrance Scholarships

GREEK

March 2015

Time allowed: 1 hour

*Answer either sections **A and B** or **B and C***
A vocabulary sheet is provided to help you with this paper.

SECTION A (40 marks)

Translate into English, leaving a line between each answer:

1. ὁ κριτὴς φυλάσσει τὸν ἵππον.
2. βασιλεύσει ἐν τῇ πολει.
3. οἱ νεανίαι ἐκάθευδον ἐν τῇ ἀγορᾷ
4. διώκετε τὴν στρατιὰν πρὸς τὴν θάλασσαν.
5. οἱ ἄνθρωποι οὐκ ἤθελον γράφειν ἐπιστολάς.
6. ὦ φίλε, ἆρα με λείπεις ἐν τῇ οἰκιᾷ;
7. ὁ δοῦλος φεύγει πρὸς τὰς ᾽Αθῆνας.
8. ὁ ᾽Αθηναῖος μέγιστος οὐ ἔκοπτε τὸν ἵππον.
9. ἡ μέν θεὰ ἐφέρε τὰ καλὰ δῶρα πρὸς τὸν ναύτην.
10. ὁ σοφός βασιλεύς οὐκ ἐλελύκε τὴν καλὴν γυναίκα.

SECTION B (60 marks)

Read the following passage carefully, and answer the questions.

Athenian and Spartan soldiers

οἱ Ἕλληνες κατά τε γῆν καὶ κατά θάλασσαν ἐμάχοντο.	1
Αἱ πόλεις ἀλλήλαις πολλάκις ἐπεστράτευον. Οἱ Ἀθηναῖοι	2
καὶ οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι κλεινότατοι ἦσαν τῶν Ἑλλήνων.	3
Οἱ ὁπλίται πεζῇ ἐμάχοντο. Βαρέα ὅπλα ἔφερον ἐν μάχῃ.	4
Ἦν αὐτοις δόρυ καὶ μέγα ὅπλον. Οἱ ψιλοί ξυνεστρατεύοντο	5
τοίς ὁπλίταις. Οὗτοι δὲ ὀλίγα ὅπλα ἔφερον. Πάντες	6
οἱ ὁπλίται δόρατα ἔφερον. Οἱ Λακεδαιμόνιοι τέλος δὲ	7
ἐνίκησαν τούς Ἀθηναῖους.	8

1. a. What did the Greek peoples used to do, line 1? [3]

   b. How often did city states used to make war on one another, line 2? Write down the Greek adverb of time which tells you. [1,1]

   c. Which two Greek peoples were the most famous, lines 2-3? Write down their Greek names. [2,2]

   d. How did Hoplites fight, line 4? Write down the Greek noun which tells you. [1,1]

   e. Which adjective describes the weapons they used to carry, in line 4? Translate it. [1,1]

   f. Translate the phrase ἐν μάχῃ, line 4. [2]

(15)

2. Translate lines 5-8, Ἦν αὐτοις δόρυ… τούς Ἀθηναῖους. **(25)**

3. a. Give the nominative singular, dative singular, and the dative plural of τούς ᾽Αθηναῖους (line 8). [6]

   b. Give the person and tense of ἔφερον (line 4). [2]

   c. In which case is τοίς ὁπλίταις (line 3)? Write down the genitive plural. Please include the definite article. [3]

   d. Give and translate two parts of the verb 'to be' from the passage. [2,2]

   e. Give two different prepositions from the passage, and state which case they govern. [4]

   f. Write down an English word derived from this Greek word: γῆν (line 1).

(20)

SECTION C (40 marks)

Translate the following sentences into Greek.
(the vocabulary of the preceding sections will help you):

1. Are we guarding a horse?
2. Are they pursuing the young men towards the sea?
3. The huge Athenians were fleeing towards the market place.
4. The wise goddess was not carrying fine gifts towards Athens.
5. Kings often used to fight one another in battle.
6. The hoplites were guarding the gates of the city.

Greek Vocabulary Sheet

ἀγορά –ᾶς, f	market-place
᾽Αθῆναι, ῶν, f.pl.	Athens
᾽Αθηναῖος, –ου, m	an Athenian
ἄνθρωπος, –ου, m	man
ἆρα	*this word starts a question*
βασιλεύς, –εως, m	king
βασιλεύω	I rule
γράφω	I write
γυνή, γυναίκος, f	woman
διώκω	I pursue, follow
δόρυ, n	spear
δοῦλος, –ου, m	slave
δῶρα, n pl	gifts
ἐν, preposition	in
ἐπιστόλη, -ης,	letter
ἐπιστράτευω	I make war on
ἐθελω	I want
θάλασσα, –ης, f	sea
θεά –ᾶς, f	goddess
ἵππος –ου, m	a horse
κάθευδω	I sleep
καλος	fine, beautiful
κατά	by
κοπτω	I strike
κριτὴς, –ου, m	a judge
Λακεδαιμόνιοι, m pl	Spartans
λείπω	I leave, abandon
λύω	I release
μέγας	great
νεανίας, –ου, m	young man
νίκαω	I win
ναύτης, –ου, m	sailor
οἰκία, –ᾶς, f	house
῾Οπλίτης	a Hoplite, a heavily armed soldier
ὅπλον, n	shield
οὐ, οὐκ	not
πολίς –εως, f	city
πρός	towards
σοφος	wise
στρατιὰ, –ᾶς, f	army
τέλος δὲ	at last
φεύγω	I flee
φίλος, –οῦ, m	friend
φυλάσσω	I guard
ψιλοί, m pl	lightly armed soldiers